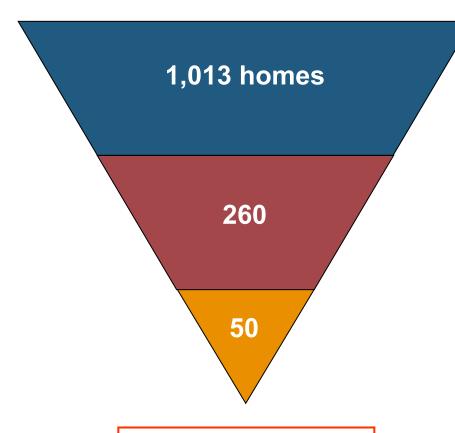


Minnesota Plug-Load Research Study Some Preliminary Data

Scott Pigg, Ingo Bensch LBL Seminar November 18, 2009

Nested Sample Three Levels of Data Collection





Have analyzed 3 of 4 rounds of site-visit data (38 homes)

Telephone Survey

- Demographics
- Attitudes
- TV & Computer counts

▲ Mailed Saturation Survey

- Computer & peripheral details
- TV & peripheral details
- Saturation for other plug-in devices

Site Visits

- Device inventory
- Metering (5-30 devices/home, 1 mo.)
- Household interview







5 Geographic strata

4 demographic strata:

- "Singles" (12%)
- "No kids" (32%)
- "Families" (40%)
- "Elders" (16%)

On-Site protocol

- Inventory all plug-in devices in the home
- Select and install metering on 5-35 items
 - focus on TV and computer centers
- Return one month later
 - **■** removing metering
 - interview household
 - review meter readings
 - explore savings strategies



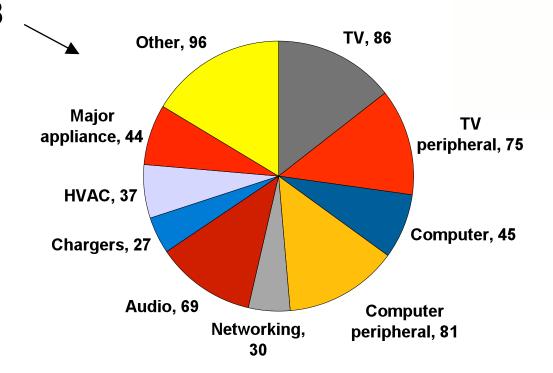






For first 38 homes (Rounds 1-3)

- Inventoried 1,409 devices
- Metered 598 devices





Focus on In-Home Savings Opportunities

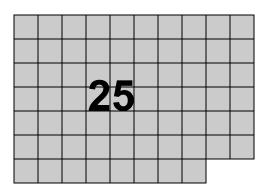
- For each metered device:
 - review metering data: is there a savings opportunity (25+ kWh/yr)?
 - categorize type
 - estimate annual kWh
 - **■** from interview, how likely to implement?

■ low ~<15% probability

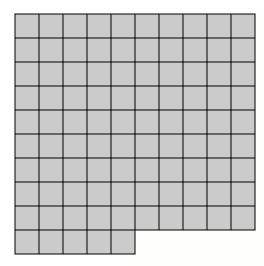
■ medium ~15-85%

■ high ~>85% probability

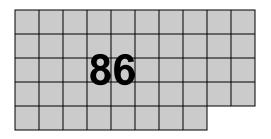
Computer Power Management



Eliminate 2nd refrigerator or freezer



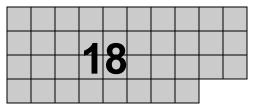
Unplug (high standby or rarely used)



Smart power strip



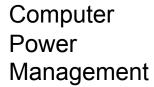
Turn off when not in use

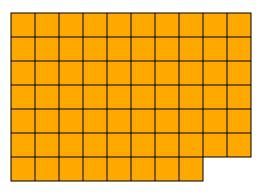


Use a timer



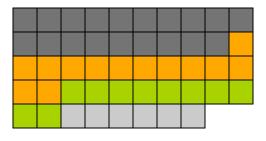
Total:
170 identified opportunities in 38 homes

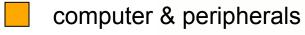






Unplug (high standby or rarely used)



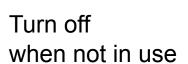


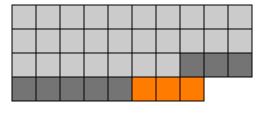




Other

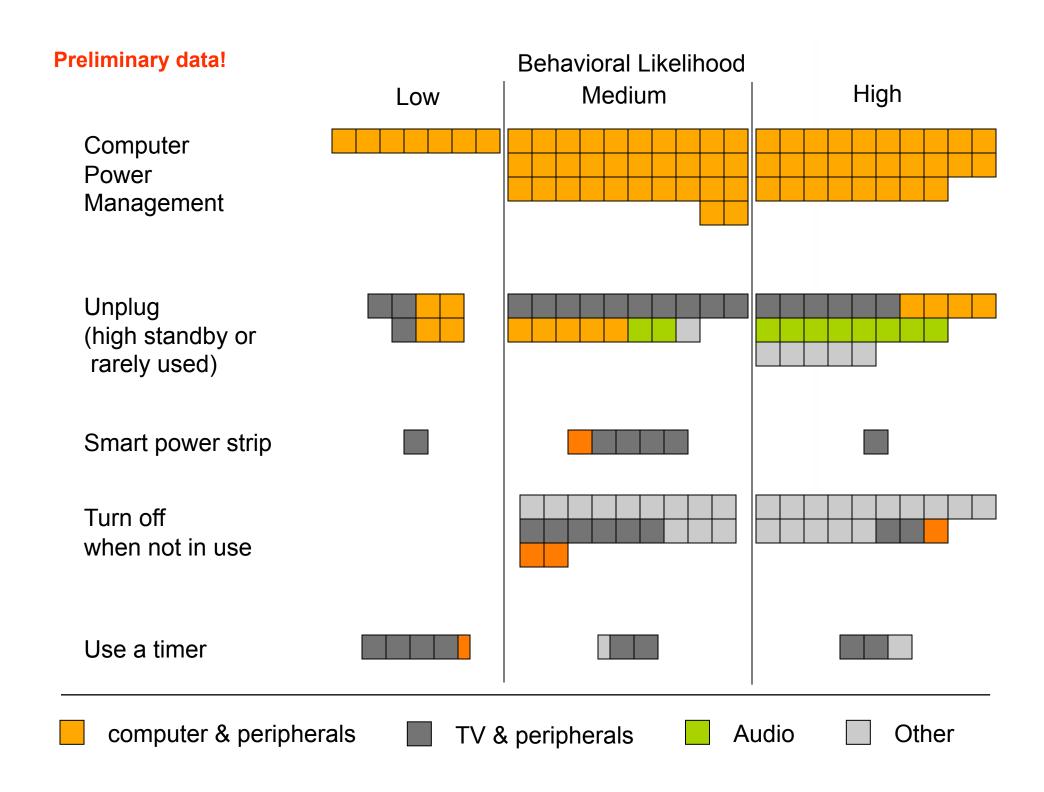
Smart power strip





Use a timer







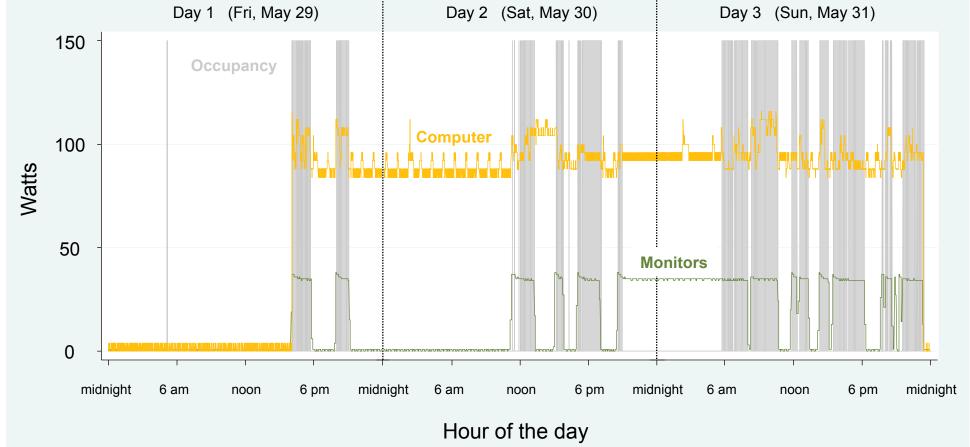
Computer Power Management

- Computer saturation
 - 0.85 desktops/HH
 - 0.59 laptos/HH
- From sites where we were able to check desktop PM settings:

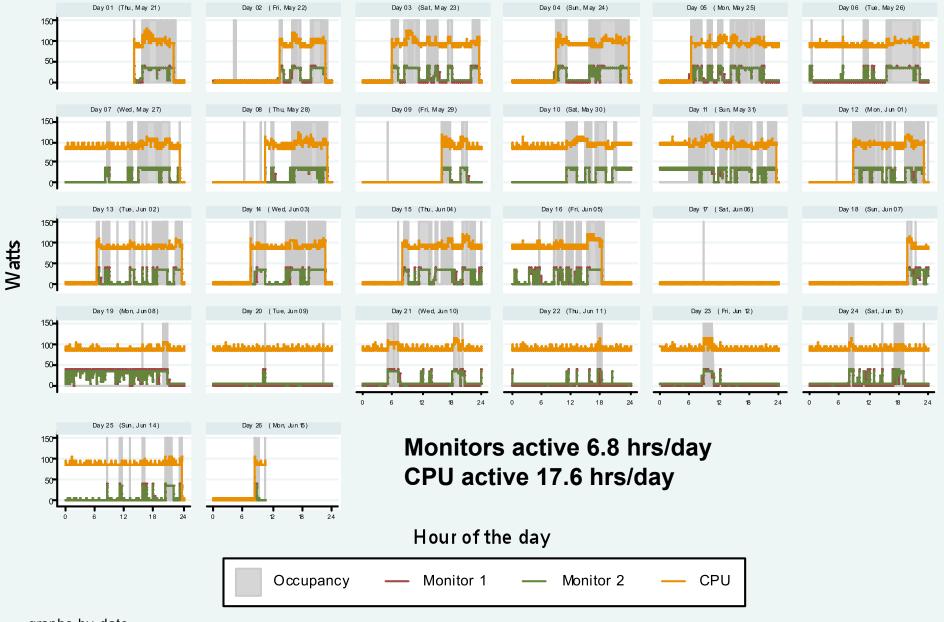
■ Monitor off enabled ~80%

■ Computer sleep/hibernate ~20%









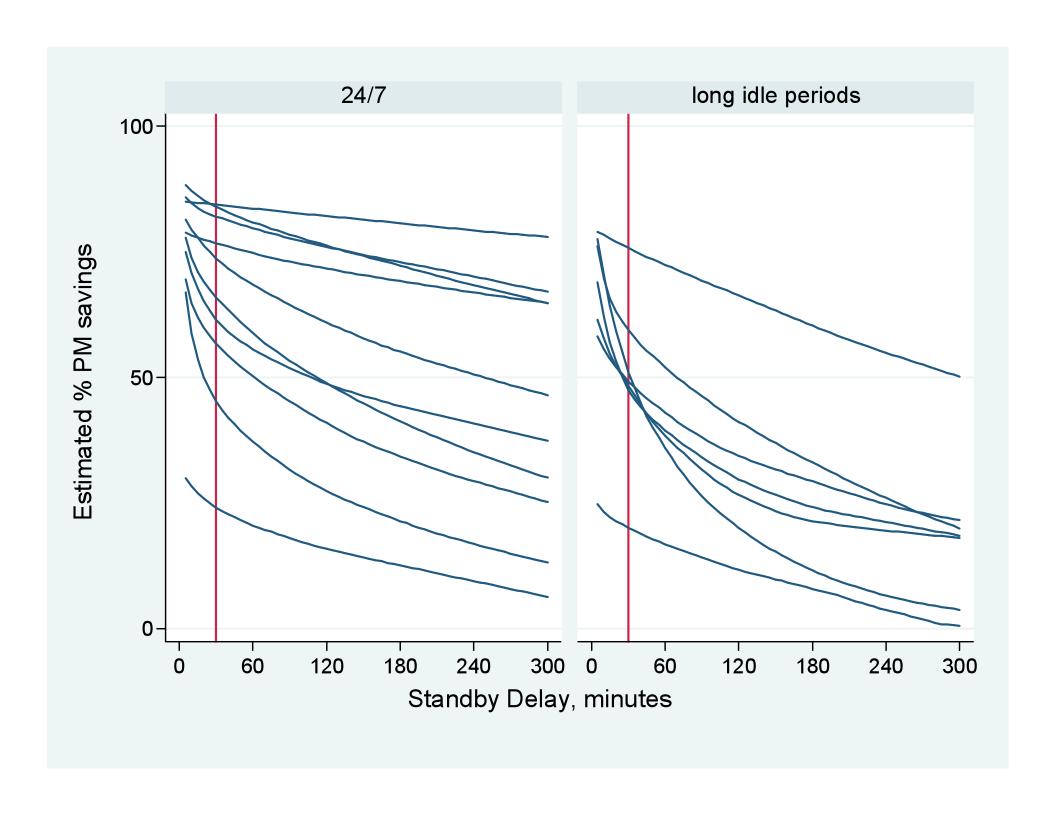
For 34 metered desktop computers:



Fet

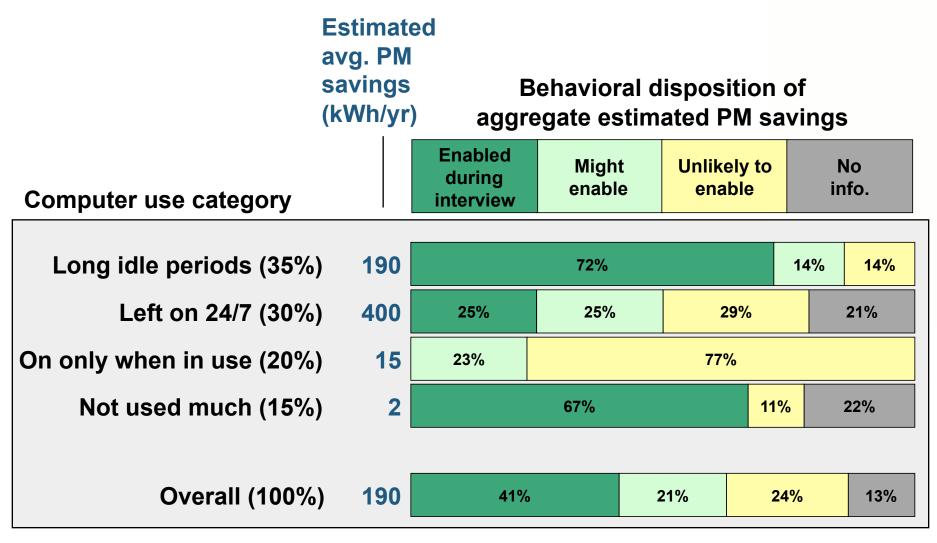
	% of desktops	Avg. Annual kWh used*	Annual PM Savings (kWh)**
Long idle periods	35%	520	190
Left on 24/7	30%	650	400
On only when in use	20%	110	15
Not used much	15%	50	2
Overall	100%	410	190

*computer + monitor(s) **30-minute off delay n=28



Turning savings potential to savings 34 desktops - revisited

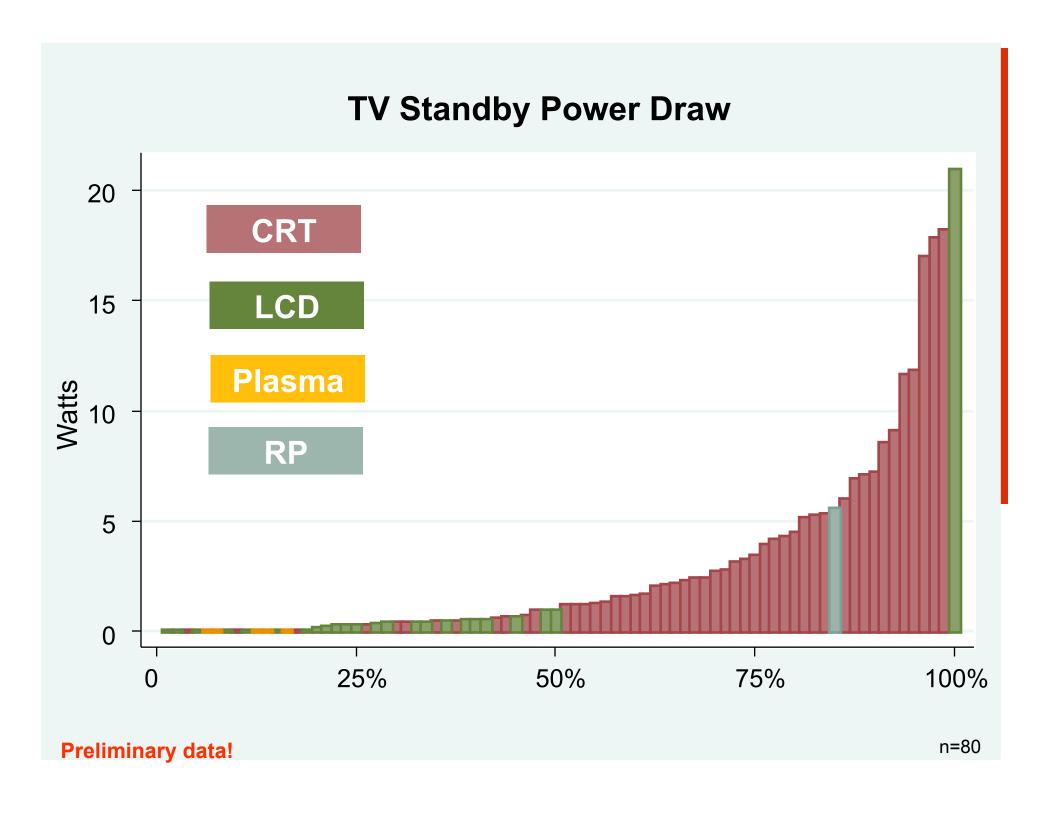






Unplug Things

- Combination of
 - high standby
 - savings even if used frequently
 - rarely used
 - not much hassle to keep unplugged



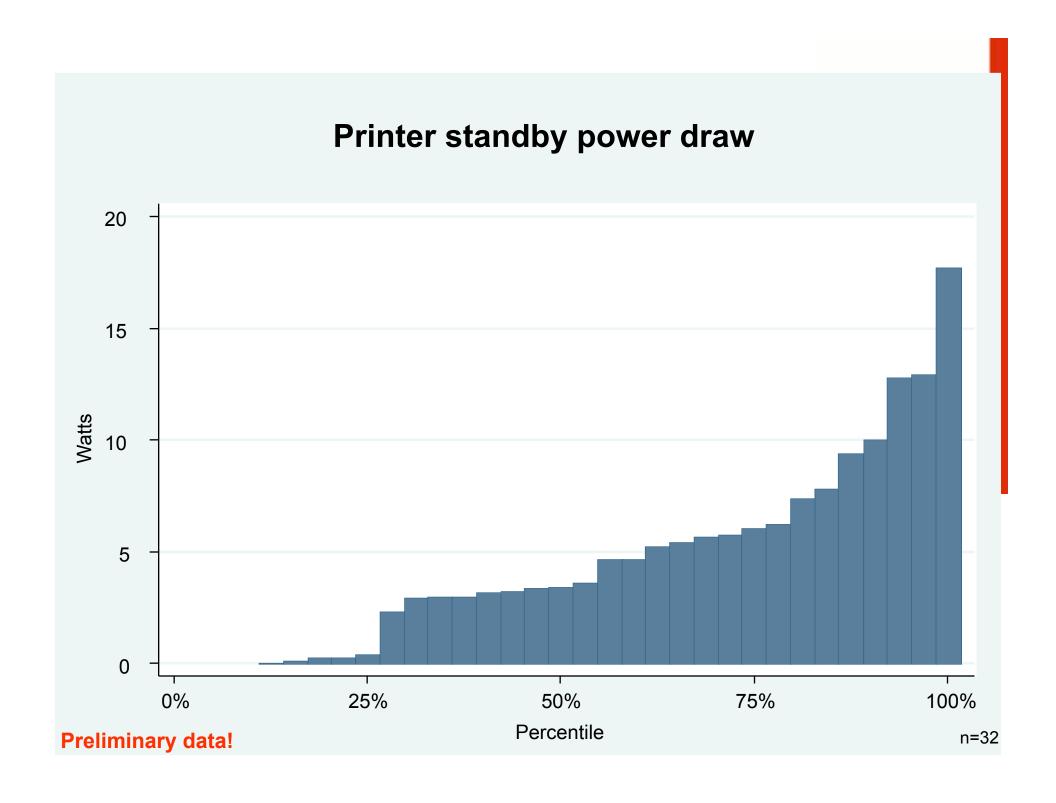
Audio – little used, sometimes high standby



- 40% of audio devices not used at all during month
- 66%% used <1 hr/day</p>

n = 34



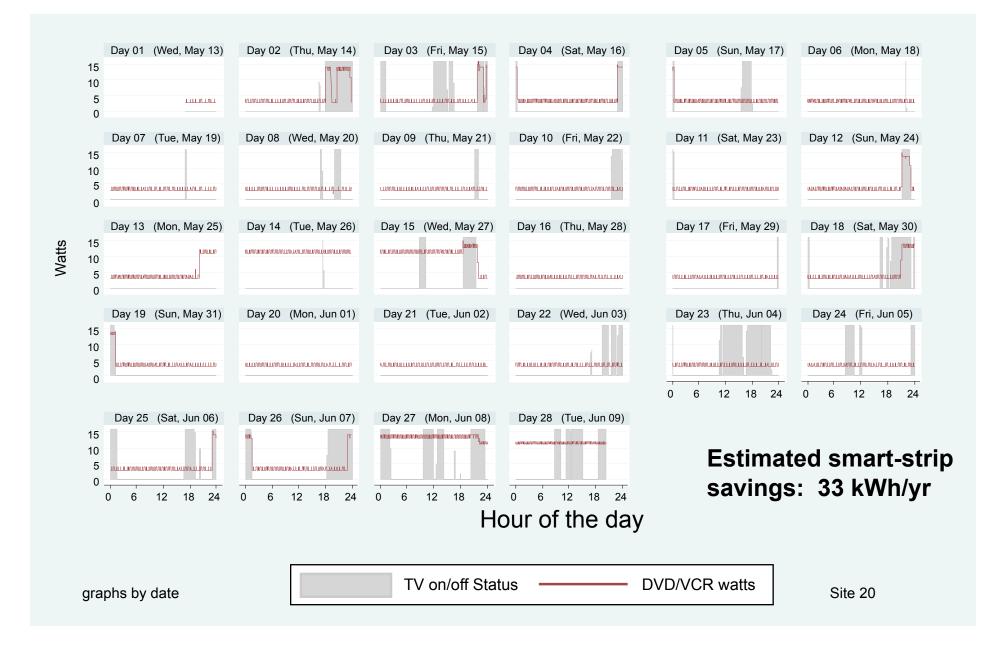




Smart Power Strips

- **limited savings?**
- take-back?

Smart-strip example: DVD/VCR connected to TV

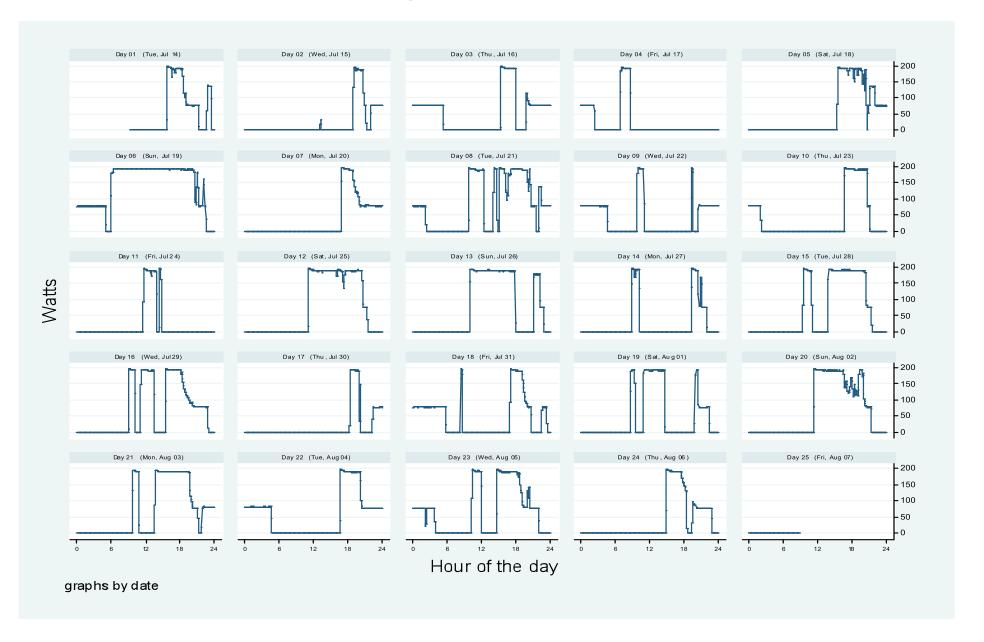




Turn Things Off

- Most savings opportunities from a few HVAC-related items
 - e.g., bsmt space heater running in June
- Some cases of electronics left on for extended periods

TV left on overnight



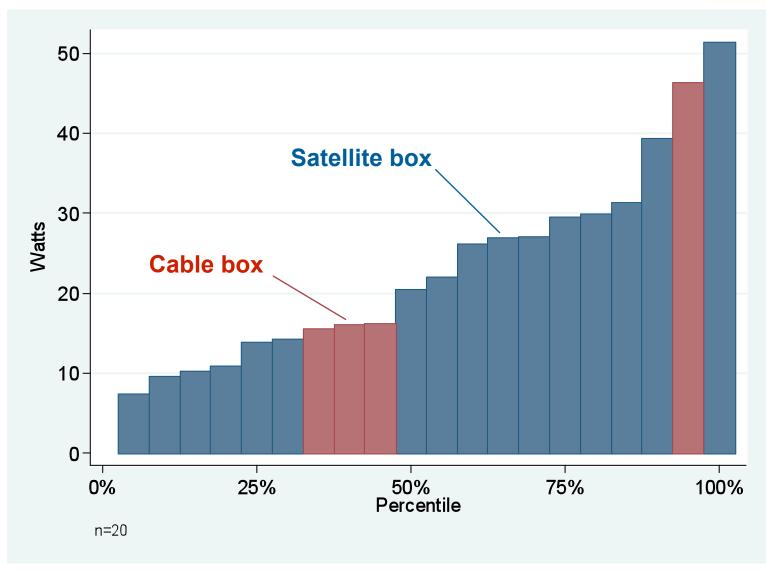


Timers

- Considered three applications
 - Sat./Cable boxes where TV use schedule is predictable
 - Computer networking equipment if computer use schedule is predictable (and no wireless use)
 - tool/cordless appliance chargers w/ high standby

Sat./cable box power draw







Paths to savings...

- Programs targeted at households
 - **■** Power management for legacy desktops
 - Unplug little-used devices
 - Portable HVAC awareness
- Federal standards/guidelines
 - Standby power
 - Sat./cable box power and operation
 - Default power management settings
 - Auto-off for devices w/o large displays



Stay tuned!

(but don't leave your computer on)

- www.ecw.org
 - Final study report available by mid-January 2010
 - Webinar scheduled for January 27, 2010
- This project is funded by the Minnesota Office of Energy Security and Minnesota Power Company